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ANACONDA, MONTANA. SUNDAY MORNING, AUGUST 9, 1891.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

A SECOND JESSE JAMES

How a Daring Young Man Robbed a Bank in an Ohio Town.

AN OLD MAN FATALLY SHOT

The Cashier Surprised and Seriously Wounded—Fifteen Hundred Dollars Secured—Escape of the Robber.

LIMA, Ohio, Aug. 8.—One of the boldest bank robberies ever perpetrated in this section occurred this morning at Columbus Grove, a town of about 2,000 people, 13 miles north of here. Cashier Maple had just opened the Exchange bank and laid out \$3,000 near the cashier's window. About 8:30 a man appeared at the door with a revolver in each hand. He immediately began shooting, and Cashier Maple was struck twice, once in the arm and once in the right side. As he fell to the floor an old farmer, Vandemark, aged 60, entered the door, having come to the bank to get some money for some hogs he had just sold. The robber turned and shot him. A third man sat in the lobby of the bank paralyzed with fear. He was not molested. The desperado then grappled \$1,500 in greenbacks, shoved them into the pockets of his coat and darted out of the door shouting, "I am a second Jesse James." Quite a crowd had been attracted by the shooting but there was a scattering when the wild-eyed murderer appeared on the street having a gun in each hand and shooting indiscriminately. One bystander, Henry Buck, was struck down by a bullet from a revolver. The fellow ran to the outskirts of the town and disappeared. A posse was quickly organized and started in pursuit. Another posse started from West Cairo. It found the fellow will be shot like a dog. It is thought the wounds of Maple and Buck are not necessarily fatal. A big reward will be offered for the capture of the villain.

At 11 o'clock to-night the Columbus Grove bank robber was still at large and the chase has been abandoned until daylight. The desperado is known to be alone and on foot. Nearly the whole population of the northern part of the county is assisting in the hunt for him, and it is not thought he will be able to escape. William Vandemark, a farmer whom the burglar shot, cannot recover. It is feared, Cashier Maple will recover. The robber had been in the Grove a day or two before the robbery, claiming to be a silk hat mender. Cashier Maple says: "The robber, who is a youngish looking fellow, walked straight up to the wicket, demanding the money. I thought it was a town boy trying to have sport with me, because the man held a revolver in each hand. I made a reply in line with that thought, whereupon he fired. The first two shots struck me, the third missed. I then grabbed my revolver which only had one load in it and fired. I missed. He started out, met Vandemark, shot him and then turned back. I was standing in the cellarway and held him at bay with a drawn revolver till he saw I could not shoot, when he commenced firing at me again. I dodged into the cellarway for protection and saw him through the partly open door, reach behind the screen and take all the money he could reach, deliberately put it in his pocket and walk out." Mr. Vandemark says he was entering the bank when the fellow came towards him, flourishing two revolvers. He shot once, then turned back into the bank. Mr. Vandemark was assisted to the doctor's office by his son, and while there saw the robber tearing his way through the streets by means of drawn revolvers and disappear at the railroad crossing, some distance down the street.

CANADIAN SHARPS.

Boodle Work in Awarding and Securing Government Contracts.

OTTAWA, Ont., Aug. 8.—At to-day's meeting of the privileges and elections committee, John Henry of this city admitted having offered to get for W. J. Baeker, a contractor for the construction of the Graving dock at British Columbia, for \$10,000, but that his offer was only a joke. Geo. Beauchamp, a contractor, hitherto supposed to be a figurehead for Larkin, Connolly & Co., stated that the information on which he based his tender for the construction of a cross wall at Quebec, was supplied by Hon. Robert McCreery. He was offered the contract, but says a money lender refused to advance the money necessary, as he tendered too low. He then agreed with McCreery to withdraw his tender in consideration of \$5,000. He fulfilled his part but never got a cent.

What Farmers Want.

TOPEKA, Aug. 8.—The Farmers' alliance of Elk county has adopted resolutions setting forth that the loan companies and banks have refused to loan any more money in Kansas, and asking the president of the Farmers' alliance of Kansas to immediately call a convention of the people for the purpose of petitioning the president of the United States to immediately assemble congress for the purpose of passing a law whereby the United States can issue legal tender treasury notes and loan to the people above mentioned at a low rate of interest with the privilege of paying the loan back in small annual installments.

Fatally Burned.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Aug. 8.—A blast fired in the York colliery today liberated a large volume of gas which was ignited by the naked lamps of the men when they entered the place. The explosion which followed burned 13 men, one of them, John Corbors, fatally.

Burned to Death.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 8.—The steamer Glendennia was burned to the water's edge on Lake Winipeg today, and Charles Masters, of Barrie, Ont., one of the crew, was burned to death.

Made an Assignment.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—The National Forge & Iron company made a voluntary assignment to-day. Assets and liabilities \$350,000 or \$400,000.

A FRIGHTFUL WIND STORM.

Loss of Human Life and Heavy Damage to Property.

ASHLAND, Wis., Aug. 8.—This afternoon there was a disastrous wind and rain storm here. The Swedish Baptist church was torn from its foundations and the roof was blown off. The Field block and many small buildings were blown from their foundations, and half a dozen yachts, moored in the bay, were torn from their fastenings and wrecked upon the shore. At Washburn, on the opposite side of the bay, a circus tent collapsed and in the panic which ensued among the spectators of the performance in the tent two small boys were crushed to death and a number of people seriously injured. The postoffice building also collapsed, two women being injured, one seriously. The roof of the Omaha elevator was torn from the building and deposited in the bay. Many thousand feet of lumber were blown into the water and the derrick and hoisting engines at the coal docks blown over. The estimate of the damage at Washburn is \$50,000.

GOULD IN IDAHO.

The Wholesale Dealer in Railroad Goods Fishing.

SPECIAL TO THE STANDARD.
BELLEVUE, Idaho, Aug. 8.—The Gould-Clarke special train passed up the branch from Pocatello to Halley to-night, where the magnates and their families will visit the Halley hot springs and bath. The day was spent angling on the Little Wood river. Mr. Gould being accompanied by his physician. The party caught a large number of trout, the weather being very favorable. As the high altitude appears to greatly benefit Mr. Gould's health, the party will probably spend a week or more on Wood river. Supt. E. E. Calvin of the Idaho division came up and joined the party at Pocatello to-day.

INTO THE COEUR D'ALENS.

Trains From Missoula Will be Running Regularly by Tuesday Next.

SPECIAL TO THE STANDARD.
WALLACE, Idaho, Aug. 8.—Superintendent Dickinson of the Northern Pacific arrived in Wallace to-day and was met by Division Superintendent Ramsey, who came over the new route from Missoula. They are in consultation here to-night and will arrange a schedule for the new line. Trains will in all probability be running over the new route regularly by Tuesday. A reporter of the STANDARD went over the road today with Superintendent Ramsey and found every yard of the track in first class condition.

THE FREIGHTERS' TROUBLES.

Agent Roman Will Confer With the Flathead Indians.

SPECIAL TO THE STANDARD.
MISSOULA, Aug. 8.—Major Roman was in from the Flathead agency to-day. He said that he held a conference with the freighters on the question of the grazing of horses on the reservation. They submitted a proposition to him and at his request are now getting the number of animals and the names of their owners now on the reservation. He will shortly meet the Indians and settle the question permanently, and he trusts satisfactorily.

Mrs. Nordella Again.

WALKERVILLE, Aug. 8.—Unfortunate Mrs. Nordella was again arrested to-night on the charge of insanity. For several days, and in fact almost continually since her last incarceration which was about two weeks ago, she has been acting rather strangely. During the past few days and particularly to-day, and the early part of the evening she was much worse and made things generally lively and disagreeable for her husband and neighbors. She was taken in charge by Deputies Laist and Richards of Butte, and locked in the county jail. She will doubtless be tried on Monday, and for the benefit of herself it is to be hoped she will get a term in the asylum.

Servants of Christ.

WALKERVILLE, Aug. 8.—Rev. J. H. Little, who was assigned by the conference at Helena last week to take charge of the Walkerville M. E. church, arrived in the city to-day. Mr. Little has the reputation of being a diligent worker and a faithful servant of God, and by all who have so far met him he is highly thought of. The action of the board in removing Rev. Mr. Waters does not meet with the pleasure of the members of the church he has so faithfully looked after. His reports at the conference were among the best presented, and the showing by the church was excellent.

Not of Very Good Stock.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Aug. 8.—John Stock of Chicago and "Reddy" Welsh of this city fought to a finish to-night. Four rounds were fought in which the fight was fierce and bitter. At the end of the fourth round "Reddy" caught Stock under the ear with a vicious left hander, knocking him down. He failed to rise and Welsh was awarded the fight.

By an English Syndicate.

BOSTON, Aug. 8.—An English syndicate has purchased nearly all the leather board factories in the eastern states, including the Hardwood Manufacturing company at Leominster, Mass., the Monacan company at Keene, N. H., the Leather company of Boston and the Clegg & Fisher plants of Lawrence.

Fast Trotters.

INDEPENDENCE, Iowa, Aug. 8.—Mary Marshall in her work to-day trotted the last quarter of a mile in 30 3/4 seconds and trotted the next mile in 2:34 1/2; the last half in 1:03. Allerton was worked a mile in 2:25 1/2 and moved the last quarter in 30 1/2 seconds.

Weekly Concerts.

BUTTE, Aug. 8.—The Centerville Glee club was engaged to-day to give one concert each week at the City Hall saloon of Sam Tonkin. It has not yet been decided what evenings the concert will be given.

His Wife's Paramour.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 8.—Morris Weisser was this evening shot dead by Christopher Koran, who alleges Weisser had been too intimate with his wife.

Harrison Caught Crab.

CAPE MAY POINT, N. J., Aug. 8.—The president went fishing to-day. The trip was a great success, bringing back quantities of crabs and fish.

CATHOLICS IN AMERICA.

An Interesting Report Issued By the Census Bureau.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The census bureau to-day issued a bulletin giving statistics of the Roman Catholic and all other Catholic bodies historically related to it, which are represented in the United States, v. s., the Greek Catholic church (Nantes), which acknowledges the sovereignty of the Pope, the Russian orthodox church, Greek orthodox church, Armenian church, Old Catholic church and R-former or Converted Catholic church. Roman Catholicism was the first Christian worship established in the territory now constituting the United States. The first Catholic see erected was that of Baltimore, which dates from 1789. In 1828 it was constituted an archdiocese. There are now 13 provinces, metropolitan sees being those of Baltimore, Oregon, St. Louis, New Orleans, Cincinnati, New York, San Francisco, Santa Fe, Philadelphia, Milwaukee, Boston, Chicago and St. Paul, which were created in the order named. Connected with these provinces are 86 dioceses, five vicariates apostolic and one prefecture apostolic. The total number of communicants is 6,550,045, who are attached to 10,221 organizations (churches, chapels and stations). The total value of the church property, including edifices, ground on which they stand, furniture, etc., is \$118,481,515. The see of New York has property valued at nearly \$9,000,000; Chicago second, \$6,457,064; Boston third, \$5,379,078; Brooklyn fourth, \$5,751,307, and Newark fifth, \$4,297,482. In the distribution of communicants, the archdiocese of New York comes first, with 472,806; Boston second, 419,660; Chicago third, 336,640; Philadelphia fourth, 251,163; St. Louis fifth, 228,756; St. Paul sixth, 183,464; Baltimore seventh, 192,597. In the states of New York, Massachusetts, Pennsylvania, Illinois and Ohio there are 3,158,772 communicants, or little more than half of the total for the whole church and there is church property of the value of 162,067,710, which is considerably more than half the total valuation.

STUCK IN THE MUD.

Troubles of a Freighter at Phillipsburg—Other Mention.

SPECIAL TO THE STANDARD.
PHILLIPSBURG, Aug. 8.—Bright and early this morning the teams of C. A. Dinmore started for the Cleveland shaft beyond the town of Granite, with heavy boilers for that mine. He had not proceeded far when the wheels sank to the axle, and after working hard all day and breaking considerable of his outfit he left the boiler for the night just above Kirkville, and less than a mile from where he started. The late heavy rains have made the whole country a mud hole, and when a dry, hot day does occasionally come it only puts a light coat on the top of the ground, through which a heavily loaded wagon sinks.

A new hotel is being fitted up at the Northern Pacific depot. J. Bouley is the proprietor and M. C. Dunnigan will be the manager. Everything is new and neat and they will be ready for business in about one week. The proprietors of the Kaiser house have just completed a number of bath rooms adjoining their hotel; hot and cold baths can be had and people who are posted claim that they are the most complete in the state.

Mrs. Hayne Wilton and her company of local artists gave good satisfaction to a small audience last night.

Mrs. H. F. Titus and little daughter returned home yesterday from an extended eastern trip.

David Hennessy and wife came up from Hennessy's station to this evening to take in the Dan Sully show.

Unsatisfactory Reports.

WALKERVILLE, Aug. 8.—A few days ago word was received by the parents of Thomas Fitzgerald that he had been drowned in a river in the Coeur d'Alene. The anxious parents sent several telegrams relative to the matter and yesterday they received a reply saying that a body of a man answering his description had been found in the river, but it had been so long in the water that the features were greatly changed as to make identification almost impossible. His mother left for the scene of the accident to-day to ascertain whether or not the remains are those of her son.

Old Soldiers Reunited.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—Acting Secretary Nettleton, in reply to a recent letter detailing complaints of alleged delays in the conduct of the pension business at Washington, says: "I learn from General Veazey, ex-commander-in-chief of the G. R. R., that during his tour through the country he met many thousands of old soldiers and that the sentiment of satisfaction with the present work of the pension office was quite unanimous."

Go Back on Farnell.

DUBLIN, Aug. 8.—A telegram received in this city from Belfast, states Dillon and O'Brien have persuaded four Irish members of the house of commons who, since the disruption in the Irish parliamentary party, followed the leadership of Parnell, to secede from the Parnellite section and cast their fortunes with the McCarthyites, or the section that opposes Parnell as leader of the Irish cause.

Bad For Spanish Workmen.

BARCELONA, Aug. 8.—The National Labor association has come to the conclusion that the reciprocity treaty with the United States on Cuban and Porto Rican business will be bad for Spanish workmen, and will summon a monster mass meeting to protest against the treaty.

The Sale Prevented.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 8.—The sale of the Seagirt property by Yard was prevented by a receipt of a writ, an injunction having been granted at the instance of Receiver Yardley of the Keystone bank.

Andrew Carnegie in Scotland.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—Andrew Carnegie of New York to-day laid the foundation stone of the public library building at Port Head, in Scotland. He had given \$1,000 towards the library.

KAISER BILL'S HEALTH

Ridiculous Stories About Epileptic Fits and Other Disorders.

MANEUVERS AT BROMBERG

His Injured Leg Will Not Prevent the Emperor's Presence—Exhibits for the World's Fair.

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BREILIN, Aug. 8.—For the first time since the French press began transcending its previous record of scandals and mendacious about Emperor William, the government has deemed it necessary to issue semi-official notice regarding the alarming reports about the emperor's health. No German newspaper has gone beyond alluding to the ridiculous stories of the emperor's epileptic fits, brain disorders, and a host of other maladies ascribed to him.

The Cologne Gazette stated the annual review of the Gardes du Corps would not take place until the emperor had rested for a fortnight after his arrival at Kiel. Some minor organs thereupon announced that the grand cavalry maneuvers at Bromberg, in which the emperor is especially interested, would not be graced by his presence. The emperor arrived at Kiel at 5:30 o'clock this evening. The emperor remains on board the vessel.

The report of Dr. Leuthold, who has been attending the emperor, says that the injury to his limb is rapidly progressing to a cure and that he will probably be able to resume partial use of his leg and foot within a week.

Official telegraphic dispatches received here during the course of the evening indicate it is the intention of the emperor to carry out the programme which he had planned before the accident occurred with the exception of witnessing the Templehof review of the 221st. Later he will go to Schwarzenau to meet Emperor Francis Joseph and witness the Austrian maneuvers.

HE DROPPED DEAD.

A Frisshigher Makes a sudden Trip to the Other World.

MANCHESTER, Aug. 8.—A prize fight took place here last night between two local sports named Henney and Swindelle. The men were matched to fight to a finish for a sovereign side. After savagely fighting for an hour, Swindelle dealt Henney a terrific blow on the head. The latter threw up his hands and dropped like a log. Attempts to revive him failed and there is no doubt he died instantly. Swindelle and those who brought about the fight have been arrested on a charge of manslaughter.

About Grain and Fruit.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The weekly weather crop bulletin says in part: In Oregon, heavy rains in the Willamette valley retarded harvesting. Thrashing and spring grain cutting will commence next week. Weather destroyed some hop lice and codlin moths. Weather in Northern California has been favorable for all crops. Hops are in fine condition, and prospects good for a large yield. Grasshoppers, which damaged the bean crop, are disappearing from Southern California. Cool and more favorable weather is now experienced and grapes and pears are ripening rapidly.

To Be Returned to China.

BUFFALO, Aug. 8.—United States Commissioner Hirschbeck to-day rendered a decision in the case of two Chinese, Sig Lee and Jurten, recently arrested for violation of the exclusion act, to the effect that they must be sent back to China by the way of San Francisco. This is the first decision of the kind that has been rendered. Heretofore the Chinese smuggled into the United States from Canada have simply been sent back to Canada.

The Coffee Supply.

NEW YORK, Aug. 8.—The world's visible supply of coffee shows stocks in Europe of all kinds, 1,063,447 bags; at other ports, 259,861 bags; total, 1,323,308 bags, with afloat lots bringing the amount to 2,485,388 bags, an increase of 176,188 bags over July 1.

AN ODD REBELLION.

What Causal Daughtery Says of the Chilean Revolutionists.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 8.—The Post this morning prints an interview with Aquila J. Daughtery, United States consul at Gallo, Peru, who just returned from that country, in which he says the present war in Chile is the most ridiculous revolution he ever knew or read of. It does not deserve the name of revolution. The revolutionists are stationed at Iquique, several hundred miles from Santiago, where Balmaceda has his headquarters. Balmaceda has a force of 30,000 men at his command, and the insurgents have 7,000. Between the two capitals of the opposing forces lies a mountain range that is simply impassable by any armed force. There is absolutely nothing upon the barren range of the rugged mountains to sustain an army and it is impossible to carry across it that which is necessary to support an army. The insurgents have no ships with which to carry their men by sea, and if they had they would soon be destroyed for Balmaceda has the whole coast protected by torpedo boats. Balmaceda is well supplied with the sinews of war and goes on with the government ignoring to a great extent the efforts of the insurgents. The idea of the party of revolutionists being several hundred miles away from the people against whom they revolted and totally unable to come nearer to them, strikes an American as being very far removed from what we would call an insurrection or rebellion. In the meantime, while the opposing party is in power, the insurgents are living well and seem to be prospering. They occupy the rich district of Tarapaca, with boundless quantities of nitrates, a territory the Chileans regard as wrested from the Peruvians, and from the large revenues they derive from these nitrates they are enabled to feed themselves and live comfortably. Merchant vessels put in at Iquique and trade in this product as they did before the rebellion, and the money thus brought to them is the chief income of the insurgents.

HOT AS SHEOL.

Severe Warm Weather in Minnesota and Other States—Destructive Storms.

ST. PAUL, Aug. 8.—The hottest weather of the summer was experienced here yesterday and to-day. The mercury ranged from 90 to 100 degrees. Ida, Minn., and Croton, S. D., report local storms yesterday, doing much damage.

ST. LAWRENCE, S. D., Aug. 8.—The hottest weather ever experienced here prevailed for three days past. So intense has been the heat that men and animals have succumbed in many instances, and harvest work is entirely suspended through the middle of the day. At 11 p. m. yesterday the mercury rose to 108 and 110 in the shade. Late wheat suffered terribly, and some fields will not be cut. Other wheat is all right. Corn is suffering for rain. Unless showers come soon or a cool wave, but little will survive the ordeal.

WARREN, Minn., Aug. 8.—Yesterday evening the worst storm of the season of wind and rain prevailed here, laying grain flat. Lightning struck several places and considerable livestock was killed.

CHICAGO, Aug. 8.—This was the hottest day of the year so far here. The thermometer reached 95 and there were several cases of prostration.

DOLLAR FOR DOLLAR.

A Louisville Bank Assigns—Depositors May Lose Nothing.

LOUISVILLE, Aug. 8.—The Masonic Savings bank assigned to-day to the Germania Trust company. No definite statement of it appears yet obtainable. It had deposits of probably \$600,000. The assignment was not unexpected. During the stringency last year the bank required all of the clearing house, but on the first of January its statement showed deposits of a million and a quarter. President Krieger by careful management succeeded in restoring the confidence of depositors, but in March, however, the failure of the Schwab bank once more startled the depositors, and the matter was not quieted down until July last, when the directors hoped the crisis was finally passed. Then came the Falls City failure and depositors were once more alarmed. The Masonic bank was also carrying the Jeffersonville bridge project and when depositors began to withdraw, the directors gave 30 days' notice. They have made desperate efforts to right the concern, but concluded to-day to assign. It is asserted that the bank will pay dollar for dollar.

AND THE EARTH TREMBLED.

Account of an Earthquake in the State of Sonora, Mexico.

YUMA, Ariz., Aug. 8.—C. Smith, an American trapper, accompanied by a Cocopah Indian, has returned from the Gulf of California and gives additional details concerning the earthquake and tidal wave of Thursday last. About 6 o'clock that morning a heavy shock was felt near Lardo colony in the state of Sonora, Mexico, on the Colorado river. The sky darkened and a terrific thunder storm came up. A huge wave from the gulf was driven inland and fences and landing places washed away. A second earthquake shock caused the earth to open in many places, some fissures being 4 to 7 feet wide and from 20 to 30 feet long, and seemingly fatless. Men were thrown to the ground by the force of this shock. About a mile from Lardo they noticed a fissure in the middle of the river bed into which the Colorado was pouring with much noise. A third shock of earthquake destroyed three small habitations of colonists and cracked others. No human life was lost, but a large amount of live stock was killed.

Told by Some Line.

BOULDER, Colo., Aug. 8.—Another rich find of silver has been made on Pomeroy mountain, near Caribou. The vein is about three inches thick and of pure metal. It is evident there exists a still larger vein somewhere in the vicinity of the same kind of material, and it is thought this discovery will soon lead to developments which will cast in the shade even the mines of Nevada.

TROUBLES OF POOR LO

Cheyenne Indians in Custer County May Be Removed.

DEVELOPMENT RETARDED

Citizens Anxious That the Commission Will Take Prompt Action—Result of the Conference.

Special to the Standard.

MILES CITY, Aug. 8.—The Cheyenne commission which has been here since Wednesday departed this morning for a brief visit to the National park, after which they will go to Helena and Butte, where they will confer with Colonel Sanders and Hon. T. C. Power and Representative Dixon as to the future disposition of the Cheyenne Indians. While here the commission held no formal session, but had two informal talks with citizens as to the relations of the Indians and white settlers and the causes of the friction between them. The inference drawn from these interviews was that the commission regarded the Indians as quite as much sinned against as sinning, and that their recommendation would be against removal; but before leaving to-day it became known that at least two of the commission were favorable for removal, which news created much satisfaction among the people. The development of Custer county has been for 30 years retarded by the presence of these Indians, to say nothing of the thousands of dollars worth of range stock slaughtered by them. Colonel Sanders arrived here this morning in response to the urgent request of citizens and was closeted with the commission for two hours and went West with them. It is his opinion that a satisfactory report as to the removal of the Indians will be made, details of which will require congressional action.

The removal of these Indians will open for settlement nearly 500,000 acres of the best land in Custer county, and relieve the present settlers from constant trespass and the strain of impending trouble which exists as long as the Indians are domiciled among them.

POCATELLO PICKINGS.

Close of the Sale of Town Lots—Delays of the Work.

SPECIAL TO THE STANDARD.
POCATELLO, Idaho, Aug. 8.—R. Tupper of Butte has let the contract to Architect Cooke for a two-story brick building, to be commenced building at once. It will be situated between the opera house and the Resort.

Hannaford & Nopper, proprietors of the Pocatello Club saloon, were attached Wednesday by C. Bunting & Co. of Blackfoot for \$1,800. Other attachments were rapidly put in by wholesale liquor and cigar dealers. Too much competition and high license is said to have done for them. The assets will be away before liabilities.

Rev. G. W. Jenkins has been assigned to Pocatello missionary field, as Methodist minister. Rev. G. C. Stull will be transferred to Butte.

J. S. Hickey of Anaconda, was in town a few days attending the lot sale, and secured several fine business locations, on which he had improvements.

Geo. P. Wheeler, the fighting editor of Idaho, as he was written of in an eastern paper, has located here again and will take a position on a local weekly.

Sam G. Kerr, formerly chief clerk in the ear department, but now traveling for a Portland wholesale house, was in town Monday.

Conductors Fagan and Galbraith were the lucky ones in getting passenger trains on the Utah & Northern, on the new time card. The change of time on the Union Pacific enables the STANDARD to reach Pocatello at 4:20 p. m. the same day it is printed and two hours ahead of the Salt Lake papers. All daily papers have heretofore been one day late reaching here, and it is quite a taste of civilization to get them earlier.

A party headed by S. A. West, Dr. Hayes and others have gone out in the country to enjoy camp life. A Chinaman and a negro waiter has been included in the equipage.

The lot sale was closed Thursday after lasting 24 days, a much shorter time than was expected. The sale passed off peacefully and a few excited persons who expected to see rivers of gore flowing through the streets were badly disappointed. Substantial buildings will now be erected and the shack and dugout relegated to the back yard. About \$116,000 was realized from the sale, all of which will be held in trust by the government for the benefit of the Fort Hall Indians.

It is said J. S. Hickey of Anaconda is contemplating the erection of a large hotel shortly.

THE ORLEANIST PARTY.

A Conference Held at the Home of the Count of Paris.

LONDON, Aug. 8.—A conference of the leaders of the Orleanist party has been held at the residence in England of the Count of Paris. The conference added emphasis to the fact that there is increasing discontent among the count's adherents. They believe the movement of which Cardinal Lavergie is leader, looking to an alliance between the French republic and the vatican, is assuming proportions that threaten the success of the Orleanist plans, and they urge the Count of Paris to adopt a policy that will counteract the effects of the Lavergie movement upon their scheme. M. de Bourbon, a member of the French chamber of deputies, urged the Count of Paris should visit Rome and make a personal appeal to the pope in support of his claim, or at least secure the promise of his holiness to withdraw his consent to the policy advocated by Lavergie. The count, however, declined to accept the suggestion, or one that he issued a manifesto calling upon the clergy to rally around the standard of the Orleanists. The republic and religion, the count declared, were opposed to each other.